# Korenix Jetl/O 6520 Industrial Intelligent Ethernet I/O Server

# **User's Manual**

Jan. 2008 (V0.1)



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# 1 Introduction

Welcome to Korenix *Jetl/O 6500* Series Industrial Managed Ethernet I/O Module User Manual. Following topics are covered in this chapter:

- 1.1 Overview of Jetl/O 6500 Series
- 1.2 Package Checklist
- 1.3 Jetl/O 6510 Introduction
- 1.4 Jetl/O 6510 Product Specification

#### 1.1 Overview of JetI/O 6500 Series

Jetl/O 6500 series is a series of Managed Ethernet I/O modules for distributive monitoring and controls. The Jel/O 6500 series equipped with one Ethernet port and multiple channels Analog Input/Output, Digital Input/Output and temperature measurement connectors. Thus users can easily perform I/O data collecting, status changing, automatically activate events... through the Ethernet network. Jetl/O 6500 series provides Windows Utilities, Web and SNMP for configuration. And support Modbus/TCP protocol, OPC Server for Modbus/TCP, thus user can easily monitor and control the remote I/O devices and combine the Jetl/O with existed HMI/SCADA package.

Naming Rule: Jetl/O 65AB

A: Major Feature

- 1: Analog Input Series. Includes the RTD input, Thermocouple Input
- 2: Analog Output Series
- 3: Digital Input Series
- 4: Digital Output Series
- 5: Digital Input and Digital Output Series
- B: Sequence Number

#### Jetl/O 6500 Series includes:

Jetl/O 6510: Industrial Intelligent 8-CH Analog Input Etherent I/O Server

Jetl/O 6511: Industrial Intelligent 8-CH Thermocouple Input Etherent I/O Server

Jetl/O 6512: Industrial Intelligent 4-CH RTD Input Etherent I/O Server

Jetl/O 6520: Industrial Intelligent 4-CH Analog Output Etherent I/O Server

Jetl/O 6550: Industrial Intelligent 14-CH DI and 8-CH DO Etherent I/O Server

The manual apply to above models.

# 1.2 Package Checklist

Korenix Jetl/O 6500 Series products are shipped with following items:

- One Ethernet I/O Module
- One attached DIN-Rail clip
- Terminal Blocks for I/O and Power Input
- Documentation and Software CD
- Quick Installation Guide

If any of the above items are missing or damaged, please contact your local sales representative.

### 1.3 Jetl/O 6520 Introduction

Jetl/O 6520 is an intelligent I/O Server equipped with one Etherent port and 4 channels Analog Output. Jet I/O 6520 provides 12 bits resolution and high accuracy for voltage/current output. Each AO channel equipped with the isolation of 2500Vms to protect your I/O server from damage, indepent output operation and 0.125 to 128 programmable output slew rate are the best choice for analog output application.

Jetl/O 6520 provides Windows Utilities, SNMP and Web for configuration. Industrial Modbus/ TCP protocol and OPC Server driver for integrating Jetl/O with existed HMI/SCADA. Robust aluminum case is with good heat dispersing and IP31 protection. With Jetl/O users can easily perform status monitoring and control the remote I/O devices.

# 1.4 Jetl/O 6520 Product Specification

**System** 

CPU: 16 bits/100MHZ, RISC-Based

SDRAM: 32K bytes

Flash ROM: 512K bytes EEPROM: 256 bytes

Watchdog Timer: 1.0 sec H/W

LED:

PWR: Power Input plugged and On (Red)

RDY: System startup ready (Green)

**Network Interface** 

IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX

Ethernet: IEEE 802.3 10Base-T

Connector: 1 \* RJ-45, Auto MDI/MDI-X

Protection: Built-in 1.5 KV magnetic isolation

protection

LED:

Upper (LAN Activity): Orange ON & Blinking Lower (10M/100M): 10M à Green OFF, 100M à

Green ON

PWR: Power On (Green)

RDY: System boot up Ready (Red), system

booting (No LED)

Network Protocols: IP, TCP, UDP, SNMP,

HTTP, Telnet, BOOTP, DHCP

**Analog Output** 

Output Channels: 4 Channels, differential

Resolution: 12 bits

Output Range: ±10V, 0-10V, ±20mA

Programmable Output Slope to Safety Value:

0.125 to 128 mA/sec (Current)

0.0625 to 64 V/sec (Voltage)

Accuracy: ±0.05% of FSR ±1LSB Output Impedance: 0.5 ohm

Current Load Resistor: 0 to 500 ohm Calibration: On Board EEPROM Isolation Voltage: 2500Vrms **Feature** 

 $\textbf{Network Protocols:} \ \mathsf{IP}, \ \mathsf{TCP}, \ \mathsf{UDP}, \ \mathsf{SNMP}, \ \mathsf{HTTP},$ 

BOOTP, DHCP, Modbus/TCP, OPC Server

Configuration: Windows Utility, Web browser, SNMP,

DHCP Client, TFTP Server for firmware update

Windows Utility: Block I/O Utility, Device Fider Utility

OPC Server Utiltity: OPC Server for Modbus/TCP

SNMP: MIB-II: System, SNMP Trap and Private MIB

SNMP Trap Server: Up to 4 SNMP Trap Server

Logic Condition&Go Rules: Conditions of the

DI/Counter values, Actions include DO/Pulse, Counter

and Trap

Program: C++ Example code by optional

**Power Requirements** 

System Power: external unregulated +24V (18-32V)

Power Consumption: Max. 3.2W

**Mechanical** 

**Dimensions:** 120 (H) x 55 (W) x 75 (D)mm

Mounting: Din-Rail

Material: Aluminum

**Environmental** 

Regulatory Approvals: CE, FCC Class A

Operating Temperature:  $-10 \sim 70^{\circ}C$ 

Operating Humidity: 20 ~ 90% non-condensing

Storage Temperature: -20 ~ 70°C

Warranty: 3 years

# 2 Hardware Installation

This chapter includes hardware introduction, installation and configuration information.

Following topics are covered in this chapter:

#### 2.1 Hardware Introduction

Dimension

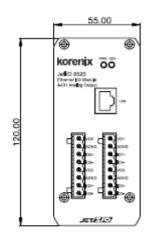
Appearance

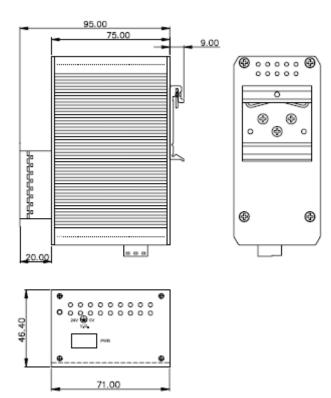
**LED Indicators** 

- 2.2 Wiring Power Input
- 2.3 Wiring I/O Connectors
- 2.4 Wiring Ethernet Ports
- 2.5 DIN-Rail Mounting Installation

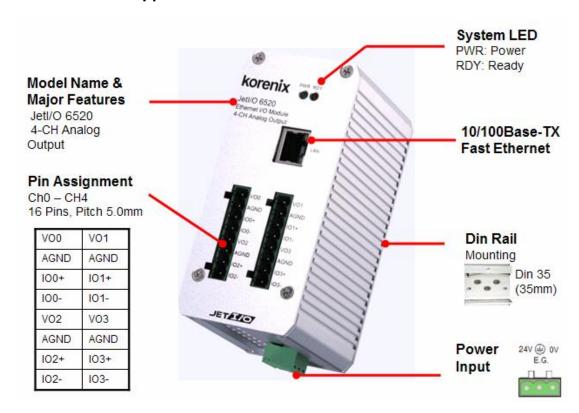
# 2.1 Hardware Introduction

**Dimensions:** 120 (H) x 55 (W) x 75 (D) mm





#### **Jetl/O 6520 Appearance:**



#### **LED Indicators:**

System LED					
PWR	Power Input plugged and On (Green)				
RDY	System startup ready (Red)				
Ethernet LED					
Upper (LAN Activity)	Orange On & Blinking				
Lower(10M/100M)	10M (Green Off) /100M(Green ON				

# 2.2 Wiring Power Input

Follow below steps to wire Jetl/O DC power inputs.

- 1. Follow the pin assignment to insert the wires into the contacts on the terminal block connector.
- 2. Tighten the wire-clamp screws to prevent DC wires from being loosened.
- 3. Connect to and turn on the power source. The suitable working voltage is 24VDC.
- 4. When the unit is ready, the PWR LED turns Greed, the RDY LED turns Red.

**Note1:** It is a good practice to turn off input and load power, and to unplug power terminal block before making wire connections. Otherwise, your screwdriver blade can inadvertently short your terminal connections to the grounded enclosure.

**Note 2:** The range of the suitable electric wire is from 12 to 24 AWG.

# 2.3 Wiring I/O Connectors

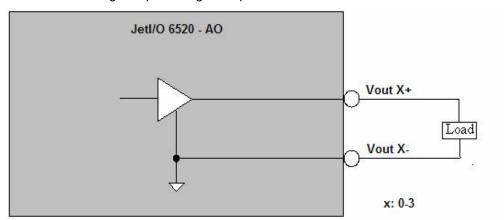
Follow the pin assignment to insert the wires into the front contacts on the terminal block connector. Tighten the wire-clamp screws to prevent the I/O wires from being loosened.

The wiring diagram of the Jetl/O 6520 is as below:

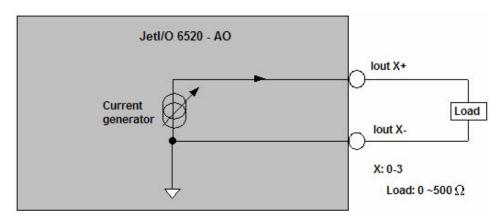
Pin No	Description	Pin No	Description
1(Vout0)	CH0 Voltage Output	9(Vout1)	CH1 Voltage Output
2(AGND)	Analog GND	10(AGND)	Analog GND
3(lout0+)	CH0 Current Output +	11(lout1+)	CH1 Current Output +
4(lout0-)	CH0 Current Output -	12(lout1-)	CH1 Current Output -
5(Vout2)	CH2 Voltage Output	13(Vout3)	CH3 Voltage Output
6(AGND)	Analog GND	14(AGND)	Analog GND
7(lout2+)	CH2 Current Output +	15(lout3+)	CH3 Current Output +
8(lout2-)	CH2 Current Output -	16(lout3-)	CH3 Current Output -

# 2.4 Jetl/O 6520 Wiring Example

### 2.4.1 Jetl/O 6520 voltage output wiring example



### 2.4.2 Jetl/O 6520 current output wiring example



# 2.5 Wiring Earth Ground

To ensure the system will not be damaged by noise or any electrical shock, we suggest you to make exact connection with Jetl/O products with Earth Ground.

On the bottom side of Jetl/O 6500 Series, there is one power earth ground pin in the Power Input terminal block.

Pin No	Description	
1(+24V)	DC+24V Power Input	
2(FGND)	Power Earth Ground	
3(0V)	Referenced Ground for Power Input	

# 2.6 Wiring Fast Ethernet Ports

Jetl/O 6500 series includes 1 RJ45 Fast Ethernet ports. The fast Ethernet ports support 10Base-T and 100Base-TX, full or half duplex modes. The fast Ethernet port will auto-detect the signal from connected devices to negotiate the link speed and duplex mode. Auto MDI/MDIX allows users to connect another switch, hub or workstation without changing straight through or crossover cables.

Connect one side of an Ethernet cable into the Ethernet port and connect the other side to the attached switch or host. The link LED will light up when the cable is correctly connected. Refer to the **LED Indicators** section for descriptions of each LED indicator. Always make sure that the cables length between the 2 ends is less than 100 meters (328 feet).

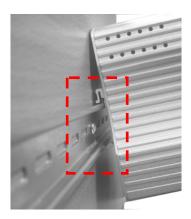
The wiring cable types are as below.

10Base-T: 2-pair UTP/STP Cat. 3, 4, 5 cable, EIA/TIA-568 100-ohm (100m) 100 Base-TX: 2-pair UTP/STP Cat. 5 cable, EIA/TIA-568 100-ohm (100m) 1000 Base-TX: 4-pair UTP/STP Cat. 5 cable, EIA/TIA-568 100-ohm (100m)

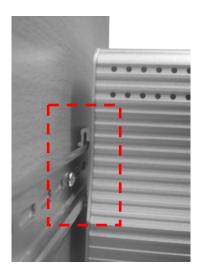
# 2.7 Din-Rail Mounting Installation

The DIN-Rail clip is already attached to the Jetl/O 6500 Series when packaged. If the DIN-Rail clip is not screwed on the Jetl/O, follow the instructions and the figure below to attach DIN-Rail clip to Jetl/O.

a. Insert the upper end of DIN-Rail clip into the back of DIN-Rail track from its upper side.



b. Lightly push the bottom of DIN-Rail clip into the track.



- $c. \label{eq:c.constraint}$  Check if DIN-Rail clip is tightly attached on the track.
- d. To remove Jetl/O 6500 from the track, reverse the steps above.

# 3 Preparation for Management

Before you start to configure the Jetl/O, you need to know the system architecture of the Jetl/O products, configure the device's IP address, and then you can remotely manage the Ethernet I/O via the network. This chapter introduces the basic knowledge of the related technologies.

Following topics are covered in this chapter:

- 3.1 Understand the Intelligent Ethernet I/O Server Architecture
- 3.2 Preparation for Remote Management
- 3.3 Preparation for HMI/SCADA Integration

### 3.1 Understand the Ethernet I/O Server Architecture

The Figure 1 shows the Jetl/O Intelligent Ethernet I/O Server Architecture. In the top level shows the typical applications run in the remote I/O environment. The middle level is the Etherent infrasture. The low level, gray block include the software agent, signal types of the Jetl/O 6500 series intelligent Etherent I/O Server.

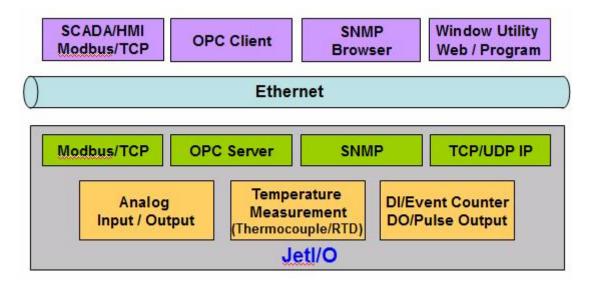


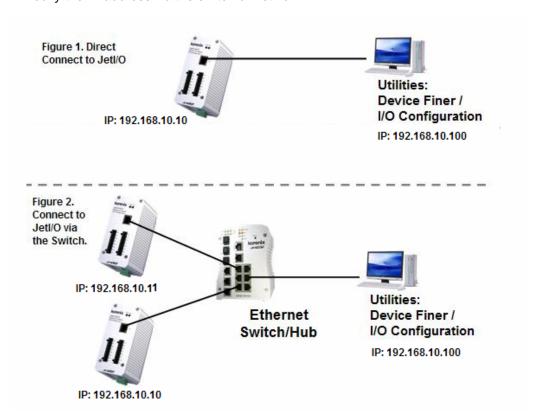
Figure 1. The Jetl/O Intelligent Ethernet I/O Server Architecrure.

# 3.2 Preparation for Remote Management

Jetl/O 6500 series Intelligent I/O Server provides several types remote management methods. You can configure the Jetl/O via the Etherent network. You just need to know the device's IP address and then you can remotely control or monitor the I/O channels' information.

Jetl/O provides several ways for users to configure the IP address. The default IP

address is 192.168.10.3. You can directly connect the Jetl/O one after one to change its IP address. Or connect the Jetl/Os to the same switch or network, then the host PC can modify the IP address via the switch or network.



If you purchase several Jetl/Os and connect them to the same network before change their IP address. They must have the same default IP address, and you may not control them well due to the IP conflict. At this time, you should change their IP address first. The Jetl/O' Block I/O configuration utility or Device Finder Utility can help you to do this.

**Note 1:** Device Finder Utility allows you to discover the Jetl/Os which have the same IP address. Change the IP address of the Jetl/O one after one. After you configured the new IP address for the unit, please notice whether the ARP table of the device is flashed or not. If not, you can choose "Start -> Run", type "cmd" to open the DOS prompt. Use "arp -d" to clear the ARP cache.

**Note 2:** You can find the detail progress, please refer to the next chapters.

# **4 Feature Configuration**

Jetl/O 6500 series Industrial Managed Ethernet I/O module provides several configuration methods. This chapter introduces the configuration steps.

Following topics are covered in this chapter:

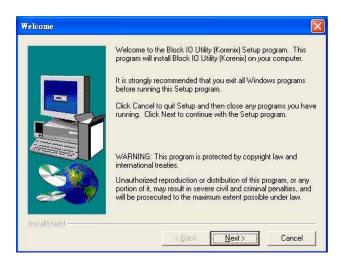
- 4.1 Block I/O Configuration Utility
- 4.2 Block I/O OPC Server Utility
- 4.3 Device Finder Utility
- **4.4 SNMP**
- 4.5 Web UI
- 4.6 Modbus/TCP Command set
  - 4.6.1 Introduction of Modbus/TCP protocol
  - 4.6.2 Jetl/O 6510 Modbus/TCP command set

# 4.1 Block I/O Configuration Utility

Block I/O Utility is the major Jetl/O Configuration Utility. With this tool, you can browse the available units, view the status of each channel, configure the I/O settings, configure active alarms and conditions&Go logic rule.

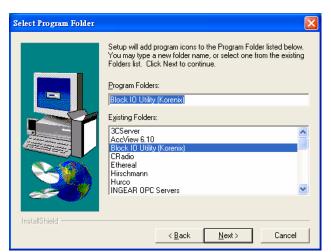
#### 4.1.1 Installation

1. Go to the "Utility -> IO Configuration" folder. Click "Setup.exe" to run the setup progress.



- 2. Click "Next" and type the Name and Company in the "User Information" window. Then click "Next".
- 3. Choose the Destination Directory in the "Choose Installation Location" window. Then click "Next".

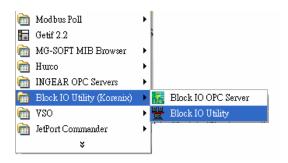
4. Type the name for the Block I/O Configuration Utility or use the default name, Block IO Utility (Korenix) for the program in the "Program Folder" field of the "Select Program Folder" window. Then click "Next".



- 5. Click "Next" in the "Starting Copying File" window to continue the setup progress.
- 6. As long as you see the "Setup Complete" window that means the progress is finished. Click "Finish" to exit the setup progress.

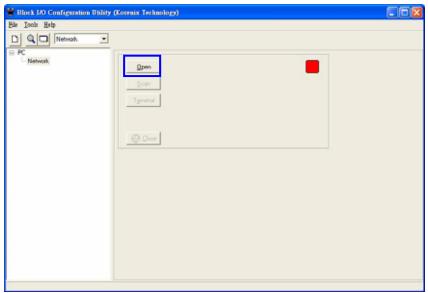


7. Go to "Start" -> "Program", then you can see the "Block IO Utility(Korenix) folder. There are 2 utilities are installed, Block IO OPC Server and Block IO Utility.

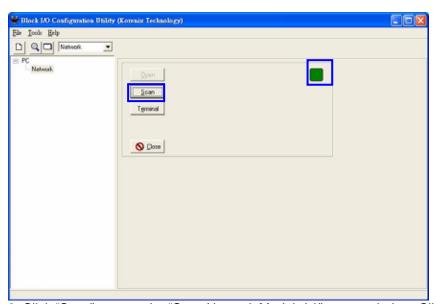


#### 4.1.2 Device Scan

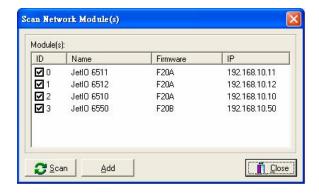
1. Lunch the Block IO Utility and then press "Open" to enable the network Interface.



The right indicator will show "Green" after you opened the interface. Click "Cloos" can close the network interface.

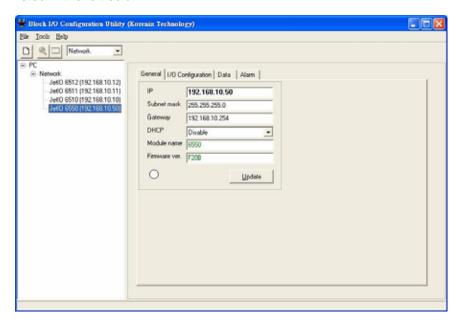


2. Click "Scan" to open the "Scan Network Module(s)" popup window. Click Scan to start the searching.



Note: Please modify the IP address of your target devices. The scan feature can't browse the devices which have the same IP address. Only one of the devices which have the same IP address can be found. This is the current restriction. Please modify the IP address first. You can use web browser, Block I/O Utility or Device Finder to do the IP modification.

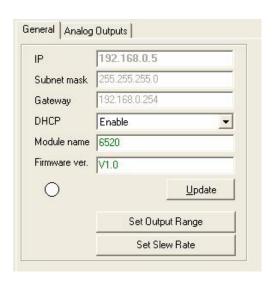
3. Click "Add" to add the available Jetl/O units. Then you can see the Jetl/O units are listed in the left column.



4. Move the mouse over to one of the Jetl/O units. Select the unit then you can configure and monitor the configurations of the Jetl/O. The features Block I/O Configuration utility provide are similar, please find your model name and go to its configuration introduction chapter in below.

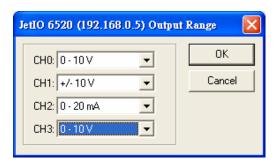
### 4.1.3 Jetl/O 6520 Configuration

4.1.3.1 Go to "General" page. You can view the current settings, modify the IP address, Subnet mask, Default Gateway, Enable or Disable DHCP Client mode, set output range, set slew rate and check the Firmware version. After modified the network setting, press "Update" to active the new setting. The indicator will show green when update successfully.



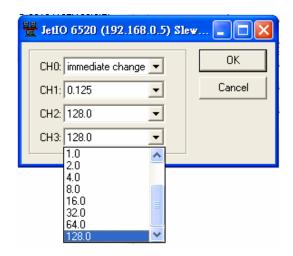
#### **Set Output Range**

Click Set Output Range to configure the output range of each channels.

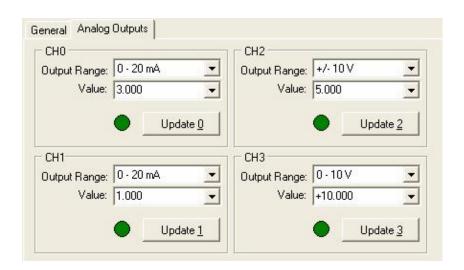


#### **Set Slew Rate**

Click "Set Slew Rate" to configure the slew for voltage/current output. The value is depended on what kinds of the application you connect. For some motors, they may not receive immediate output change, you can use slew to activate them with high/small slew rate.



4.1.3.2 Go to "**Analog Output**" page. You can configure the output range and value for each channel. Click Update 0/1/2/3 then the new settings are activated.



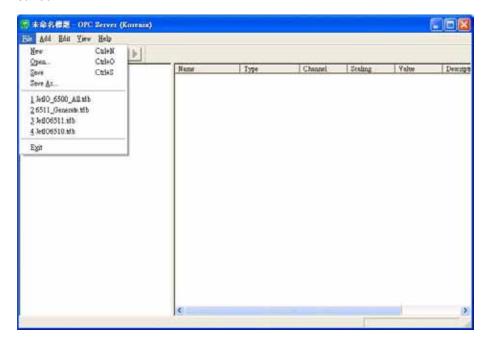
# 4.2 Block I/O OPC Server Utility

#### 4.2.1 OPC Server Utility

1. Go to "Start" -> "Program", then you can see the "Block IO Utility(Korenix) folder. There are 2 utilities are installed, Block IO OPC Server and Block IO Utility.



- 2. Open the "Block IO OPC Server".
- 3. Select "File -> New" to create new profile. Or select "File -> Open" to open profile you saved.



4. Select "Add -> New Device", the popup window "Driver Selection" will appear. (Only appear in the first time you add new device). Click "Add" and type the driver name and correct IP address. Click "OK" to next popup windows for Driver Selection. Use "Edit -> Comm Setting" can modify the parameters.



Figure 4.1 "Add" the "New Device".



Figure 4.2 Installed Driver Selection Window.

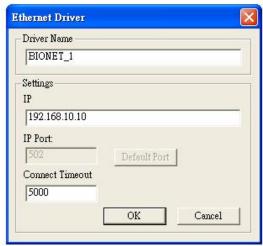
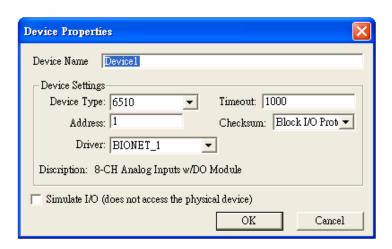
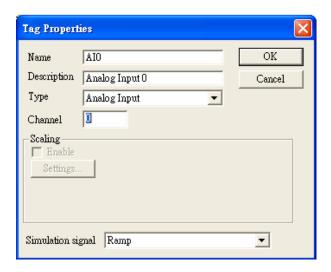


Figure 4.3 "Ethernet Driver" for the devices.

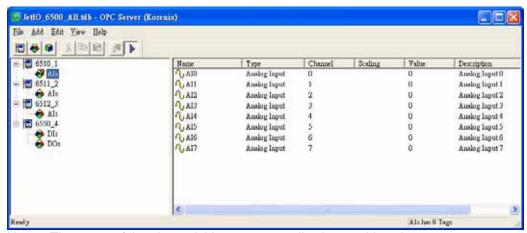
5. Type the "Device Name" and select the "Device Type" in the "Device Configuration" window.



6. Select "Add -> New Group" to create new group for the later new tags you'll create. Select "Add -> New Tag" and fill the "Tag Properties" in the popup window. Select the tag and "Edit -> Properties", you can modify the tag properties.



7. Select "Add -> Generate Tags", the utility generate all the channels' tags for the device.



Name: The name of the channel. You can manually change this value.

Type: The input type of the channel.

Channel: The channel ID.

Value: The value of the channel, you can use "Monitor" to read them.

Description: The description of this channel, you can munually change this value.

8. Select "View -> Monitor" to monitor the status of the tags. Or you can click the

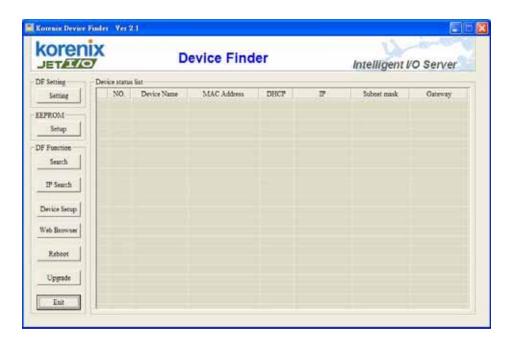
Þ

Monitor icon in the UI.

9. Select "File -> Save" to save the profile, then your OPC Client can monitor the Jet I/O status.

# 4.3 Device Finder Utility

1. Go to the "Utility -> Device Finder" folder. Click "DeviceFinder.exe" to run the program.



- 2. Click "Setting" of the DF Setting, you can configure the polling period time.
- Click "Setup" of the EEPROM, you can see the info of the device. It's good to do debugging.
- 4. Click "Search", Device Finder can automatically search the Jetl/Os.
- 5. Click "IP Search" to search one specific IP address.
- 6. Click "Device Setup" to configure the IP address... basic network settings.
- 7. Click "Web Browser" to connect the web UI of the device.
- 8. Click "Reboot" to reboot the device.
- 9. Click "Upgrade" to upload the new firmware.
- 10. Click "Exit" to exit the program.

#### **4.4 SNMP**

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a protocol used for exchanging management information between network devices. SNMP is a member of the TCP/IP protocol suite. Jetl/O 6500 series support SNMP v1 and v2c.

An SNMP managed network consists of two main components: agents and a manager. An agent is a management software module that resides in a managed switch. An agent translates the local management information from the managed device into a SNMP compatible format. The manager is the console through the network.

Jetl/O 6500 series supports Public MIB: System. Private MIB includes channels' information. SNMP Trap allows the Jetl/O to send the active alarm to trap servers.

#### 4.5 Web UI

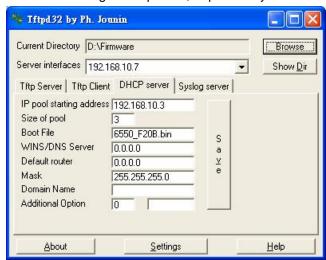
Type the IP address of the device. Then you can access the embedded web browser of the I/O server. The web browser allows you monitor the information/status of each channels.

# 4.6 How to Upgrade Firmware

The Jetl/O server allows you remotely upgrade the firmware to fix the known issues or to enhance the software features. When user starts the progress of the firmware upgrade, the Jetl/O runs as the DHCP client mode to get the IP from DHCP Server and download the boot file from the server. (Not the same as JetNet or other product.)

For Jetl/O firmware upgrading utility, we recommend the freeware utility, **TFTP32.** You can easily download the tool in the web site: <a href="http://tftpd32.jounin.net/">http://tftpd32.jounin.net/</a>

- 1. Download the file and run it first.
- 2. Browse the "Current Directory" of the firmware file you put. And select the network interface card you used.
- 3. Configure the setting in the "DHCP Server" mode.
  - a. Type the start IP address in the "IP pool starting address".
  - b. Type the volume for the Size of the pool. The volume is the IP address the DHCP Server can assign to the clients.
  - c. Boot File: Type the file name you want update.
  - d. Mask: Type the subnet mask here.
  - e. The other settings are optional, depend on your environment.



f. After configured, press "Save" to save the settings.



4. Open the Device Finder Utility and search the available Jetl/O servers. Select the

target unit/units you want upgrade. Then press "Upgrade" to start the progress. The Jetl/O can get dynamic IP and download file from the TFTP32. The popup window shows you the upgrading progress in TFTP32.



- 5. After firmware file downloading finished. The Jetl/O server's firmware can be upgraded automatically.
- 6. Open the Block I/O Configuration utility and check the firmware in "General" page.

# 5 Modbus/TCP Command Set

This chapter introduces the Modbus/TCP command set Jetl/O provided. When you creating application for your SCADA/HMI or coding your own programs. The command set is helpful for you to find the value of each registers.

Following topics are covered in this chapter:

- 5.1 Introduction of Modbus/TCP Protocol
- 5.2 Jetl/O 6520 Modbus/TCP Address Mapping

### 5.1 Introduction of Modbus/TCP Protocol

#### 5.1.1 Modbus/TCP Protocol

The Modbus protocol, developed by Gould-Modicon, is widely used in industrial communications to integrate PLC's, computer, terminals and other various I/O devices. Intelligent Jetl/O Server equipped with communication interface provides an Ethernet communication links with Modbus/TCP protocol support.

Modbus/TCP is a variant of the Modbus family of communication protocol. Modbus/TCP is a Master/Slave communication protocol. A master (a host PC) initiates queries, a slave (one of the Jetl/O servers) then responds by supplying the requested data to the master by using Modbus/TCP commands.

#### 5.1.2 Function Code (FC)

The Intelligent JetI/O Server uses a subset of the standard Modbus/TCP function code to access device-dependent information. Modbus/TCP function code is defined as below.

FC	Name	Usage
01	Read Coils	Read the state of a digital output
02	Read Input Status Read the state of a digital input	
03	Read Holding Register Read holding register in 16-bits register formation	
04	Read Input Registers Read data in 16-bits register format	
05	Write Coil Write data to force a digital output ON/OFF	
06	Write Single Register	Write data in 16-bits register format
15	Force Multiple Coils	Write data to force multiple consecutive coils

#### 5.1.3 Error Checking

The utilization of the error checking will help eliminate errors caused by noise in the communication link. In Modbus/TCP mode, messages include an error-checking field that is based on a Cyclical Redundancy Check (CRC) method. The CRC filed checks the contents of the entire message. It applied regardless of any parity check method used for the individual BYTE acters of the message. The CRC value is calculated by the transmitting device, which appends the CRC to the message. The receiving device recalculates a CRC during receipt of the message, and compares the calculated value to the actual value it received in the CRC filed.

### 5.1.4 Exception Response

If an error occurs, the slave sends an exception response message to master consisting of the slave address, function code, exception response code and error check field. In an exception response, the slave sets the high-order bit (MSB) of the response function code to one. The exception response codes are listed below.

Code	Name	Descriptions
01	Illegal Function	The message function received is not allowable
		action.
02	Illegal Data Address	The address referenced in the data field is not valid.
03	Illegal Data Value	The value referenced at the addressed device location is no within range.
04	Slave Device Failure	An unrecoverable error occurred while the slave was attempting to perform the requested action.
05	Acknowledge	The slave has accepted the request and processing it, but a long duration of time will be required to do so.
06	Slave Device Busy	The slave is engaged in processing a long-duration program command.
07	Negative Acknowledge	The slave cannot perform the program function received in the query.
08	Memory Parity Error	The slave attempted to read extended memory, but detected a parity error in the memory.

# 5.2 Jetl/O 6520 Modbus/TCP Address Mapping

	Jetl/O 6520 Common Register Map (Holding Registers)					
Protocol Address (Hex)	PLC Address (Decimal)	Access	Description			
0000	40001	R/W	(Read/Write) Watch-dog enable/disable R/W:AABB AABB:0000H (disable) AABB:FF00H (enable)			
0001	40002	R/W	(Read/Write) Watch-dog cycle count R/W:AABB AABB:0001H~00FFH BB:1 ~255 BB x 0.1 (sec)=count cycle (sec)			
0002	40003	R/W	R: Read the host-watchdog status W: Reset the host-watchdog status R:AABB  AABB:0000H (remote module OK)  AABB:FF00H (host-watchdog fail) W: AABB  AABB:FF00H(reset)			
0003	40004	R	Read the firmware version R:AAAA			

			AAAA:F20A (HEX)	
0004	40005	R	Read module name	
			R:AAAA	
			AAAA: 6520 (HEX)	
0005	40006	R	Read reset status	
0000	10000		R:AABB	
			AABB:0000H ( after using this read command)	
			AABB:0001H(The value is equal to0001H after reset	
			module)	
0006	40007	R	R: always 0	
0007	40008	R	R: always 0	
0007	40009	R/W	Read/Write DA Slew Rate Code	
0000	40009	IN/ VV	R: Read slew rate	
			W: Write slew rate	
			R:ABCD	
			W:ABCD	
			A:0~B for channel 3 (ref. the following Table A)	
			B:0~B for channel 2	
			C:0~B for channel 1	
			D:0~B for channel 0	
			0:immediate change	
0009	40010	R/W	Output range (address low byte)	
			Code:0~2	
			R/W:ABCD	
			A:0~2 for Channel 3	
			B:0~2 for Channel 2	
			C:0~2 for Channel 1	
			D:0~2 for Channel 0	
			0: 0~+10V 1: -10V~+10V 2: 0~20mA	
000A	40011	R/W	Read/Write power on DA value of channel 0	
			R:0AAA	
			AAA: Hexadecimal DA value	
			Write present DA value as power on value of channel 0	
			W: AABB	
			AABB:FF00H	
000B	40012	R/W	Read/Write power on DA value of channel 1	
			R:0AAA	
			AAA: Hexadecimal DA value	
			Write present DA value as power on value of channel 1	
			W: AABB	
			AABB:FF00H	
000C	40013	R/W	Read/Write power on DA value of channel 2	
			R:0AAA	
			AAA: Hexadecimal DA value	
			Write present DA value as power on value of channel 2	
			W: AABB	
			AABB:FF00H	
000D	40014	R/W	Read/Write power on DA value of channel 3	
		1	R:0AAA	

			AAA: Hexadecimal DA value
			Write present DA value as power on value of channel 3
			W: AABB
			AABB:FF00H
000E	40015	R/W	Read/Write DA offset Calibration Coefficients of channel
			#0
			R:AABB
			AABB: offset Calibration Coefficient value
			W: FF00H (offset Calibration)
000F	40016	R/W	Read/Write DA span Calibration Coefficients of channel
			#0
			R:AABB
			AABB: span Calibration Coefficient value
			W: FF00H (span Calibration)
0010	40017	R/W	Read/Write DA offset Calibration Coefficients of channel
			#1
			R:AABB
			AABB: offset Calibration Coefficient value
			W: FF00H (offset Calibration)
0011	40018	R/W	Read/Write DA span Calibration Coefficients of channel
0011	10010	1000	#1
			R:AABB
			AABB: span Calibration Coefficient value
			W: FF00H (span Calibration)
0012	40019	R/W	Read/Write DA offset Calibration Coefficients of channel
0012	40019	IN/VV	#2
			R:AABB
			AABB: offset Calibration Coefficient value
0013	40020	R/W	W: FF00H (offset Calibration)  Read/Write DA span Calibration Coefficients of channel
0013	40020	IK/VV	#2
			R:AABB
			AABB: span Calibration Coefficient value
0044	40004	DAM	W: FF00H (span Calibration)
0014	40021	R/W	Read/Write DA offset Calibration Coefficients of channel
			#3
			R:AABB
			AABB: offset Calibration Coefficient value
			W: FF00H (offset Calibration)
0015	40022	R/W	Read/Write DA span Calibration Coefficients of channel
			#3
			R:AABB
			AABB: span Calibration Coefficient value
			W: FF00H (span Calibration)
0016	40023	R/W	Analog output voltage of Channel #0
			Note:
			R: read last DA output voltage value
			W: AAAA
			AAAA: 0~10000 means (0~10V) for output range=0

			AAAA: -10000~10000 means (-10~10V) for output range=1	
			AAAA: 0~20000 means (0~20mA) for output range=2	
0017	40024	R/W	Analog output voltage of Channel #1 Note:	
			R: read last DA output voltage value	
			W: AAAA	
			AAAA: 0~10000 means (0~10V) for output range=0	
			AAAA: -10000~10000 means (-10~10V) for output	
			range=1	
			AAAA: 0~20000 means (0~20mA) for output range=2	
0018	40025	R/W	Analog output voltage of Channel #2	
			Note:	
			R: read last DA output voltage value	
			W: AAAA	
			AAAA: 0~10000 means (0~10V) for output range=0	
			AAAA: -10000~10000 means (-10~10V) for output	
			range=1	
0040	40000	DAM	AAAA: 0~20000 means (0~20mA) for output range=2	
0019	40026	R/W	Analog output voltage of Channel #3 Note:	
			R: read last DA output voltage value	
			W: AAAA	
			AAAA: 0~10000 means (0~10V) for output range=0	
			AAAA: -10000~10000 means (-10~10V) for output	
			range=1	
			AAAA: 0~20000 means (0~20mA) for output range=2	
001A	40027	W	Positive Trim operation of channel N	
			W:0ABB	
			A: Channel number (0~3)	
			BB: Trim count(00~FF)	
001B	40028	W	Negative Trim operation of channel N	
			W:0ABB	
			A: Channel number (0~3)	
			BB: Trim count(00~FF)	

**Table A. DA Slew Rate Code** 

DA Slew Rate Code							
Code	+10V	+10V -10V +10V 20mA					
	V/sec	V/sec V/sec mA/sec					
0000	Immediate Chan	Immediate Change					
0001	0.0625 0.125 0.125						
0010	0.125 0.25 0.25						
0011	0.25 0.5 0.5						
0100	0.5	1.0	1.0				

0101	1.0	2.0	2.0
0110	2.0	4.0	4.0
0111	4.0	8.0	8.0
1000	8.0	16.0	16.0
1001	16.0	32.0	32.0
1010	32.0	64.0	64.0
1011	64.0	128.0	128.0

Table B. D/A Calibration

Output	Zero Calibration	Span Calibration
Range(Hex)	Voltage/current	Voltage/current
0	1v	9v
1	-8v	8v
2	2mA	18mA

# 6 Appendix

# 6.1 SNMP MIB

An SNMP to I/O MIB file that can help you monitor I/O status with SNMP software. You can find the MIB file on the package.

# (I). Public- System MIB:

Object ID (OID)	Description	Community, R/W Access
sysDescr	The sysDescr directive is used to define the system	Public,
	description of the host on which the SNMP agent	Read Only
	(server) is running. This description is used for the	
	sysDescr object instance of the MIB-II.	
	SYNTAX: DisplayString (SIZE (031))	
sysObjectID	The vendor's authoritative identification of the	Public,
	network management subsystem contained in the	Read Only
	entity. This value is allocated within the SMI	
	enterprises subtree.	
	SYNTAX: DisplayString (SIZE (031))	
sysUpTime	The sysUpTime directive is used to measures the	Public,
	time, in hundredths of a second, since the last	Read Only
	system restart.	
	SYNTAX: DisplayString (SIZE (031))	
sysContact The sysContact directive is used to define the		Public,
	contact address used for the sysContact object	Read Only
	instance of the MIB-II.	
	SYNTAX: DisplayString (SIZE (031))	
sysName	The sysName directive is a string containing an	Public,
	administratively-assigned name for the system	Read Only
	running the SNMP agent. By convention, this should	
	be its fully-qualified domain name.	
	SYNTAX: DisplayString (SIZE (031))	
sysLocation	The sysLocation directive is used to define the	Public,
	location of the host on which the SNMP agent	Read Only
	(server) is running. This directive is used for the	
	sysLocation object instance of the MIB-II.	

colouString (SIZE (0. 21))	
Σi	DisplayString (SIZE (031))

# (II).Private MIB - Intelligent I/O Server - 6520

Object ID (OID)	Description	Community, R/W Access
eioAout00Value	Analog Output signal (Channel 0)	Private,
	SYNTAX: INTEGER ( 065535 )	Read/Write
eioAout01Value	Analog Output signal (Channel 1)	Private,
	SYNTAX: INTEGER ( 065535 )	Read/Write
eioAout02Value	Analog Output signal (Channel 2)	Private,
	SYNTAX: INTEGER ( 065535 )	Read/Write
eioAout03Value	Analog Output signal (Channel 3)	Private,
	SYNTAX: <i>INTEGER</i> ( 065535 )	Read/Write

# 6.2 Revision History

Version	Description	Date
0.1 First draft version.		Jan. 10, 2008